In the matter of:

AMARGOSA VALLEY TOWN BOARD

OAG FILE NO.: 13897-416

FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

#### BACKGROUND

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

STATE OF NEVADA

Claudia Bowker filed two (2) complaints with the Office of the Attorney General ("OAG") alleging violations of the Nevada Open Meeting Law ("OML") by the Amargosa Valley Town Board ("Board"), stemming from its May 13, 2021, and May 27, 2021, meetings. Specifically, Ms. Bowker alleges the following OML violations:

**ALLEGATION NO. 1:** The Board failed to provide copies of its meeting notices to members of the public who requested them pursuant to NRS 241.020(4)(c).

**ALLEGATION NO. 2:** Board members circumvented the OML by using a thirdparty to deliver messages amongst a quorum outside of a public meeting.

**ALLEGATION NO. 3:** The Board violated the OML by taking action on an item not listed as an action item.

**ALLEGATION NO. 4:** The Board failed to provide members of the public copies of supporting materials related to the Board's proposed budget agenda item.

ALLEGATION NO. 5: The Board's May 13, 2021, meeting minutes failed to provide adequate information regarding the identity of individuals present during the meeting or a description of what action was taken, and the Board subsequently approved the minutes without edits or corrections;

**ALLEGATION NO. 6:** The Board failed to prepare meeting minutes since its December 29, 2020, meeting; and

ALLEGATION NO. 7: Board members spoke during public comment periods.<sup>1</sup>

The OAG has statutory enforcement powers under the OML and the authority to investigate and prosecute violations of the OML. NRS 241.037; NRS 241.039; NRS 241.040. The OAG's investigation of the Complaints included a review of the following:

1.

4.

1

 $\mathbf{2}$ 

The Complaints and all attachments thereto;

2. The initial response filed on behalf of the Board, dated August 31, 2021, and all attachments thereto;

The supplemental response filed on behalf of the Board, dated September 20,
2021, and all attachments thereto; and

The video recording of the Board's May 13, 2021, meeting.

After investigating the Complaint, the OAG determines that the Board violated the OML by failing to provide copies of its meeting notices to members of the public who requested them pursuant to NRS 241.020(4)(c) and failing to keep adequate meeting minutes pursuant to NRS 241.035.

## FINDINGS OF FACT

The Amargosa Valley Town Board is a "public body" as defined in NRS 241.015(4); therefore, the Board is subject to the OML.

2. The Board consists of five (5) members, namely, Chair John Bosta, Vice Chair Debbera Mendyk, Town Clerk Trevor Dolby, Member Richard Classen, and Member John Denilofs.

3. The Board held a public meeting on May 13, 2021.

4. The Board held a public meeting on May 27, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Ms. Bowker also alleged that Member Denilofs breached security protocols by offering a member of the public his "official key" to the Town Office. In addition, Ms. Bowker alleged that Member Denilofs placed a placard identifying himself as the Town Clerk during a public meeting. Further, Ms. Bowker made allegations that the Deputy Town Clerk was terminated because of her inability to perform the duties of the position because she was a mother of an infant. These matters do not fall under the purview of the OML; accordingly; the OAG will refrain from providing an opinion on the same. NRS 241.039(1) ("A complaint that alleges a violation of this chapter may be filed with the Office of the Attorney General...").

LEGAL STANDARDS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

# 1. The Board violated the OML by failing to provide copies of its meeting notices to members of the public who requested them pursuant to NRS 241.020(4)(c).

The OML requires that a public body provide a copy of a meeting notice to any person who has requested notice of the meetings of the public body. NRS 241.020(4)(c). Such request for notice lapses six (6) months after it is made. *Id*. The notice must be delivered to the postal office not later than 9 a.m. of the third working day before the meeting or, if the requester has agreed to receive the notice by electronic mail, then transmitted not later than 9 a.m. of the third working day before the meeting. *Id*.

The Complaint notes that since the beginning of 2021, residents who have been on an e-mail list to receive Board agendas have not received agenda information. The Board, through its counsel, admitted that the Board has failed to send meeting notices to individuals on the mailing list since the beginning of 2021. Based on the Board's admission, the OAG finds a violation.

While the OAG finds a violation, the OAG was not provided any information regarding whether or when the requests for notices under NRS 241.020(4)(c) lapsed due to the six-month expiration date enumerated in the statute. Nevertheless, the OAG notes that the Board is attempting to comply with the OML's requirements for notice of public meetings under the statute, as on September 21, 2021, the Board sent approximately 44 emails to recipients who purportedly were on prior email lists advising them that the Board was "working on the reconstructing [of] the email addresses to send agendas and minutes again." This email further directed that if a recipient received an agenda but no longer wanted to be included in the directory, to let the sender know. In addition, the email also noted that if a recipient of the email knew of another individual who was left out of the list, to also let the sender know. Given the Board's active attempts at complying with the OML, the OAG will forego additional prosecution on the matter. NRS 241.039.

#### 2. There is insufficient evidence that the Board used a third-party to deliver messages amongst a quorum of Board members outside a public meeting.

The OML forbids constructive or walking quorums. NRS 241.015(3). The OAG has previously stated that serial communication invites abuse if it is used to accumulate a secret consensus or vote of the members of a public body, and that any method of meeting where a quorum of a public body deliberates on public business is a violation of the OML. *Nevada Open Meeting Law Manual*, Section 4.08 Serial communications, or "walking quorums", 12th Ed. (January 2016, Updated March 2019).

Here, there were allegations that Board members were using third-party members of the community as a conduit between themselves in order to circumvent the OML. Upon review of the documents provided, the OAG finds insufficient evidence that the Board engaged in such practices or admitted to engaging in such practices. Accordingly, the OAG finds no violation. However, the OAG cautions that should the Board attempt to use a third-party to relay deliberations involving a quorum of members over matters which the Board has supervision, control, jurisdiction, or advisory power, it may result in an OML violation, if done so outside a public meeting.

3.

## The Board violated the OML by taking action on an item not listed as "For Possible Action".

The OML requires that a public body's agenda include a list describing the items on which action may be taken and clearly denote that action may be taken on those items by placing the term "for possible action" next to the appropriate item. NRS 241.020(3)(d)(2).

The Complaints asserted that Agenda Item 6 on the Board's May 13, 2021, meeting was not agendized as an action item. Upon review of the May 13, 2021, meeting, the OAG confirmed that Agenda Item 6 was not agendized as an action item and instead provided, "Presentation of Amargosa Middle School regarding request of funding next school year for Student Incentive Fund." Upon review of the video and agenda, the Board moved to approve funding under Agenda Item 6. The Board's failure to describe Agenda Item 6 as

1

an action item and the Board's action during the May 13, 2021, meeting was a violation of the OML.

Nevertheless, the Complaints noted that the Board's action taken at the May 13, 2021, meeting was subsequently corrected by the Board at its May 27, 2021, meeting. Accordingly, while the Board violated the OML at its May 13, 2021, meeting, the OAG finds that the Board's subsequent corrective action at its May 27, 2021, meeting was sufficient to address the May 13, 2021, violation. NRS 241.0365(1) (". . . [I]f a public body, after providing notice . . . takes action in conformity with this chapter to correct an alleged violation of this chapter within 30 days after the alleged violation, the Attorney General may decide not to commence prosecution of the alleged violation if the Attorney General determines foregoing prosecution would be in the best interests of the public.").

### 4. The Board did not violate the OML by failing to provide members of the public copies of supporting materials related to the Board's proposed budget items.

The Complaints allege that at the Board's May 27, 2021, meeting, the supporting material did not include a list of invoices to be paid. The specific agenda item read, "For Possible Action – Discussion and Deliberation to approve the Invoices for payment, and Approval Letters for Signatures".

With regard to supporting materials, the OML generally requires that a copy of supporting materials must be provided upon request by a member of public body. NRS 241.020(8). The OML does not require that supporting materials be provided to members of the public automatically, without request. Additionally, the OML provides that if the supporting materials are provided to members of the public body before the meeting, such materials must be made available to a requesting party at the time the materials are provided to members of the public body. NRS 241.020(8)(a). Where the supporting materials are provided to members of the public body at the materials must be made available at the meeting to the requester at the same time the materials are provided to members of the public body. NRS 241.020(8)(b). It is also important to note

that the OML does not require that a public body have supporting materials for any particular agenda item.

In this case, there were no allegations that members of the Board were provided any supporting materials that were withheld from members of the public. Accordingly, the OAG finds no violation has occurred regarding the lack of supporting materials for the payment of invoices.

Additionally, the Complaints allege that at the Board's May 27, 2021, meeting, copies of the proposed budget were not provided to the Board or members of the public. The Complaints further state that while copies were then first provided to the Board during the meeting, there were insufficient copies to be provided to members of the public. However, Vice Chair Mendyck was then directed to print more copies for the public. Given that the Complainant concedes that copies of the budget were provided to members of the public during the meeting, the OAG finds that no violation occurred.

## 5. The Board violated the OML by failing to draft and maintain meeting minutes.

The OML requires that public bodies prepare and keep written minutes of their meetings. NRS 241.035. The meeting minutes must include: (1) the date, time, and place of the meeting; (2) the names of members of the public body who were present and those who were absent; (3) the substance of all matters proposed, discussed, or decided, and at the request of any member, a record of each member's vote on any matter decided by vote; (4) the substance of remarks made by any member of the general public who addressed the public body, if requested, or if the member of the general public prepared written remarks, a copy of the prepared remarks if submitted for inclusion; and (5) any other information which any member of the public body requests to be included or reflected in the minutes. NRS 241.035(1)(a)-(e). Verbatim minutes are not required under the OML. *Nevada Open Meeting Law Manual*, Section 9.02 Requirement for and content of written minutes, 12th Ed. (January 2016, Updated March 2019). However, a violation may occur where minutes are completely silent about the substance of a discussion. *See In re: Washoe County School* 

District Board of Trustees, OMLO 98-03 (July 7, 1998) (OAG found that the public body
violated the OML where the public body spent one-third of the meeting discussing one
particular agenda item, but the minutes did not reflect the substance of that discussion);
see also In re: Board of Directors of Douglas County Sewer Improvement District No. 1, OAG
File No. 13897-201(2016).

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

## A. <u>The Board did not violate the OML in its failure to identify in its</u> <u>minutes all members of the public who attended the meeting.</u>

The OML requires that meeting minutes include identification of members of the public body who were present and those who were absent, but does not specifically require that the minutes reflect the names of members of the public who were also present during the meeting. NRS 241.035(1)(b). The May 13, 2021, minutes reflect that only one Board member was absent. While the minutes also attempt to provide a list of members of the public who were also present, the OML does not require that the minutes reflect attendance lists for the same. Accordingly, the OAG finds no violation of the OML.

## B. <u>The Board violated the OML by failing to provide a description of</u> <u>the substance of the agenda items proposed, discussed, or</u> <u>decided.</u>

The OML requires that meeting minutes include the substance of all matters proposed, discussed, or decided. NRS 241.035(1)(c).

Here, the May 13, 2021, minutes are inadequate in providing insight on the substance of the matters proposed, discussed, or decided by the Board. For example, the meeting minutes relative to Agenda Item 6 simply provide:

23 24

25

26

27

28

Agenda Item # 6 Presentation by School Principle [sic], Chuck Venim (sp?). Motion to Approve Denilofs, Second Mendyk Passes 4-0 \$5,000.

The minutes do not reflect the substance of the presentation by Mr. Venim, for what action the motion was made, and for what purpose the \$5,000 referenced in the minutes is allotted and to whom. Similar violations are present throughout the meeting minutes, including statements such as "not necessary, no motion" or "Little discussion, Motion by Dolby, Second by Denilofs Passes 4-0" without any detail as to the contents or subject matter of the discussion and/or motion. Accordingly, the OAG finds that the Board violated the OML by failing to produce minutes that adequately reflect the substance of all matters proposed, discussed, or decided during the May 13, 2021 meeting.

> C. <u>The Board violated the OML for failing to prepare meeting</u> <u>minutes since December 29, 2020, meeting.</u>

The OML requires that public bodies keep written minutes of each of its meetings. NRS 241.035. Moreover, unless good cause is shown, a public body must approve the meeting minutes within 45 days after the meeting or at the next meeting of the public body, whichever occurs later. NRS 241.035(1).

In the case at bar, the Complaints assert that there have been no minutes prepared for several of the Board's meetings dating back to December 29, 2020. In the Board's response, it admits that it has been unable to locate minutes from its January 2021 through June 2021 meetings, except for the May 13, 2021, meeting minutes. Given the Board's admission that it was unable to locate any prepared meeting minutes for its meetings from January 2021 through June 2021, the OAG finds that the Board violated the OML's requirement to prepare and approve meeting minutes pursuant to NRS 241.035.

# 6. The OML does not prohibit members of a public body from discussing topics raised during public comment, nor does the OML prohibit a member of a public body from providing personally-held public comments to the public body.

The Complaints assert that Member Denilofs responded to a topic raised during public comment. The OML does not prohibit members of public bodies from discussing public comment; however, no deliberation or action may be taken on matters introduced in public comment. NRS 241.020(d)(3); OMLO AG File No. 13897-325. Accordingly, the OAG finds no violation of the OML has occurred.

Moreover, the Complaints also allege that Member Denilofs made comments during the public comment periods. However, there is no prohibition in the OML that prevents members of a public body from addressing the public body during public comment periods.

1

Rather, the OML only requires that the public body agendize periods devoted to comments by the general public and discussion, if any, of those comments, but that the public body may not deliberate or take action on such matter until agendized as a future action item. NRS 241.020(3)(d)(3). Here, the OAG did not receive any evidence that the Board took action on any matter brought up during Member Denilof's public comment. Therefore, the OAG finds no violation of the OML occurred when Member Denilofs addressed the Board with his own opinions during the public comment period.

1

 $\mathbf{2}$ 

3

4

 $\mathbf{5}$ 

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

Lastly, the Complaints assert that during the Board's May 27, 2021, meeting, Member Denilofs distributed a multi-page document entitled "Criminal" to members of the public present at the meeting and which was unrelated to any item on the agenda. As with oral public comments made during an open meeting, there is no prohibition in the OML that prevents members of a public body from addressing the public body during public comment periods with written materials. Therefore, the OAG finds not violation of the OML has occurred.

#### SUMMARY

Upon investigating the present Complaints, the OAG makes findings of fact and conclusions of law that the Amargosa Valley Town Board violated the OML as described above.

If the Attorney General investigates a potential OML violation and makes findings of fact and conclusions of law that a public body has taken action in violation of the OML, "the public body must include an item on the next agenda posted for a meeting of the public body which acknowledges the findings of fact and conclusions of law." NRS 241.0395. The public body must treat the opinion of the Attorney General as supporting material for the agenda item(s) in question for the purpose of NRS 241.020. *Id.* Accordingly, the Board must place an item on its next meeting agenda in which it acknowledges the present Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law ("Opinion") resulting from the OAG's investigation in this matter. The Board must also include the OAG Opinion in the supporting materials for its next meeting.

		4
1	Lastly, NRS 241.037 confers upon the OAG the power to bring suit "in any court of	
2	competent jurisdiction to have an action taken by a public body declared void or for an	
3	injunction against any public body or person to require compliance with or prevent violation	
4	of [NRS 241]." NRS 241.037(1). Further, NRS 241.0365(1) provides that if a public body	
5	takes action to correct an alleged violation within 30 days of the alleged violation, the	
6	Attorney General may decide not to commence prosecution of the alleged violation if the	
7	Attorney General determines foregoing prosecution would be in the best interests of the	
8	public. Here, while the OAG finds that OML violations occurred, it is the OAG's position	
9	that the foregoing remedies required of the Board are sufficient to address the violations.	
10	Dated: June 13, 2022.	
11	AARON FORD	
12	Attorney General	
13	Bu: /a/ Rogalia Bardalava	
14	By: <u>/s/ Rosalie Bordelove</u> ROSALIE BORDELOVE Chief Deputy Attorney General	
15	Chief Deputy Attorney General	
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		
26		
27		
28		
	Page <b>10</b> of <b>11</b>	l

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** I hereby certify that on the 13<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2022, I served the foregoing FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW by depositing a copy of the same in the United States mail, properly addressed, postage prepaid, CERTIFIED MAIL addressed as follows: Claudia Bowker **Certified Mail No.:** Amargosa Valley Town Board c/o Marla Zlotek, Esq. Nye County Office of the District Attorney P.O. Box 39 Pahrump, Nevada 89041 **Certified Mail No.:** 7020 0640 0000 7651 8800

> <u>/s/ Debra Turman</u> An employee of the Office of the Nevada Attorney General